

## **J.K. Galbraith and H. Kissinger to speak**

**March 20, 1968**

Two of America's foremost lecturers, authors and educators, John Kenneth Galbraith and Henry A. Kissinger, have been scheduled as the first speakers of the spring quarter in the continuing Mandeville Lectures series of the University of California, San Diego.

Galbraith, the Paul M. Warburg Professor of Economics at Harvard University, will speak on "Foreign Policy: the Cool Dissent" at 8:00 p.m., Monday, April 1. Kissinger, Professor of Government at Harvard, will speak on "America and Europe: A New Relationship" at 8:00 p.m., Wednesday, April 3. Both talks will be in Sherwood Hall, 700 Prospect Street, La Jolla, and both are free and open to the public.

The Mandeville Lectures have been presented for the past three years by the UCSD Committee for Arts and Lectures as the result of a gift from retired publisher Ernest W. Mandeville, a Fellow of UCSD's John Muir College. The series has brought prominent speakers from all walks of life to the campus for the benefit of the students and the community.

Galbraith has enjoyed a long and varied career as one of the more respected voices on economic policy and development. After receiving a Ph.D. degree from the University of California, he served as Social Science Research Council Fellow at Cambridge University in 1937-38. Prior to World War II, he taught at the University of California, Harvard and Princeton.

His role as advisor spans more than 20 years. During World War II he was Deputy Administrator of the Office of Price Administration and, later, Director of the U.S. Strategic Bombing Survey and Head of the Office of Economic Security Policy in the Department of State. He was awarded the Medal of Freedom by President Truman for his war time service.

From 1961 to mid-1963 he served as United States Ambassador to India and was actively concerned during these years with American assistance policy and Indian economic development.

He is currently Chairman of Americans for Democratic Action, and in recent years has been a frequent spokesman for American liberals on both foreign and domestic policy. His career includes a long list of published volumes, some of which are standard works in the field of economics. Included are: "American Capitalism," "The Affluent Society," "Economic Development," and the recently published "The New Industrial State."

Kissinger is well known to millions of Americans for his interviews on "Face the Nation" and other leading television and radio discussion programs. His articles have appeared in such current-affairs publications as "The Reporter," "The New York Times Magazine," "Foreign Affairs," and "Harper's Magazine." His books, frequently controversial, have had wide acceptance.

A native of Germany, Kissinger came to the United States in 1938 and received his A.B. (Summa cum Laude), M.A. and Ph.D. degrees from Harvard University. His academic honors include Phi Beta Kappa, Harvard National Scholarship, Harvard Fellowship and a Rockefeller Foundation Fellowship for Political Theory.

During World War II, he was a member of the U.S. Counter-Intelligence Corps and held the rank of Captain in the Military Intelligence Reserve for many years. As Director of Special Studies for the Rockefeller Brothers Fund from 1956 to 1958, Kissinger directed the work of several panels of distinguished citizens, whose "Report on National Defense" aroused international attention.

Kissinger is now engaged as Consultant to the U.S. State Department, for which he has taken two trips to Vietnam. He is also a Consultant to the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

His book, "Nuclear Weapons and Foreign Policy," was the outgrowth of his work as Study Director with a group of experts organized by the Council on Foreign Relations and won for him the 1958 Woodrow Wilson Prize for the best book in the fields of government, politics and international affairs.

He has also written "The Necessity for Choice," a nation-wide best seller in 1961, and "A World Restored: The Politics of Conservatism in a Revolutionary Age." His most recent book is "The Troubled Partnership: A Reappraisal of the Atlantic Alliance."